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Radha Rani Rawat Assistant Professor, Department of HI, AIRSR, New Delhi, India

# Strategies for recruiting of practice for person with disability

#### Radha Rani Rawat

#### Abstract

The existence of the disabled persons is not uncommon in any society. A sizable number of persons in India are disabled. In India, general estimates that 4-5% of the population is disabled population. The planning commission recognizes this figure as 5%. The census of India 2011 showed that the prevalence of disability in India was 2.21%. However of the total population there is only 26% population are working and among these working population with disabilities, 78% are males. The unemployment rate for women with disabilities is high. Though these numbers are staggering, a sobering fact is that the inclusion of PWDs into the workplace has traditionally been abysmally low.

Keywords: PWDs (Person with disability), RPWD (Rights of person with disability)

#### Introduction

In a country like India the numbers of the disabled are so large, their problems so complex, resources are so scarce and societal attitudes are so pernicious that only law can finally bring about substantial change in a unified way. Although legislation cannot alone radically change the fabric of a society in a short span of time, it can nonetheless, increase availability of the impaired to education and employment, to public structures and shopping centers, to means of transport and communication. The long-term effects of well-administered laws will be profound and liberating. In order to insure better protection of mortal rights of the impaired, The Persons with Disabilities (Equal opportunity, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 was announced during the time 1995 To implement the Declaration on Full Participation and Equality of Persons with Disabilities in the Asia-Pacific Region, Chapter 6 of the Act deals with employment and contains various related annexes. But legislation also requires enforcement. Education should be treated as the first option for persons with disabilities to ensure their right to an education that enables them to develop their abilities and skills. Ensure the right of people with disabilities to support in the community. Persons with disabilities are paid according to their abilities. Employers should reasonably arrange workplaces and workplaces for people with disabilities. People with disabilities face problems, barriers and discrimination. They should not be prevented from participating in any function in order to be employed, move freely and live independently in society. Each disability is different and presents difficulties when looking for a job. Discrimination in employment against qualified persons with disabilities is prohibited by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

#### Rights of Persons with disability at work place

A regulatory framework for workers' rights and the protection of persons with disabilities that is accepted by law in all the jurisdictions presented. The statutory obligation for employers to take steps to support persons with disabilities in the workplace takes various forms in each jurisdiction surveyed. Rights of disabled Persons at Work Place were created to protect the rights of people with disabilities. It protects rights related to their jobs, public residence, government services, etc. The government supports organizations that employ disabled workers. People with disabilities are also discriminated against in the workplace because of their disability. According to the rights of persons with disabilities, PWDs should be given equal opportunities and equal pay. Any person with a disability may exercise his or her rights by appealing to the Supreme Court of India. Disabled persons (Such as ablebodied persons) who own property will not be deprived of property. Unauthorized confiscation of property is subject to legal action.

Correspondence Radha Rani Rawat Assistant Professor, Department of HI, AIRSR, New Delhi, India The law protects people with intellectual and psychosocial disabilities, as well as acid attack survivors. The Declaration on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities is a declaration of the United Nations General Assembly of 9 December 1975 and the 3447th resolution of the General Assembly. Persons with disabilities should enjoy the rights contained in this Declaration. Everyone has the right to an adequate living for the health and well-being of himself and his family. This includes the right to food, clothing and security in the event of unemployment, illness or disability. All human beings are equal before the law and are entitled to equal protection without discrimination under the law. All deaf and blind persons are entitled to enjoy the fundamental rights guaranteed to all human beings by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the rights accorded to all persons with disabilities. Businesses must keep records of the names, genders, and addresses of employees with disabilities. Shareholders explicitly encourage the employment of persons with disabilities. Companies that employ workers with disabilities can also benefit from public assistance.

# Strategies for recruiting Person with Disabilities 1. Avoid Disability Discrimination

Be careful how you speak. Words have power. Even seemingly unimportant decisions can have a significant effect on how candidates with disabilities view your organization and whether or not they choose to apply. Consider the following linguistic updates:

Speak in simple terms, such as "disabled" or "people with disabilities;" omit the term "differently able"

Avoid words like "normal" or "standard," which suggest that there is a standard from which applicants may stray.

Put "check out" or "learn more" in place of verbs like "see"

Put "check out" or "learn more" in place of verbs like "see or "hear" in your calls to action.

# 2. Provide necessary accommodations

Accommodation is an important part of making the recruitment and hiring process as inclusive as possible. Only 39% of employees with disabilities disclose their disability to their managers, proving that this is a sensitive issue for many people with disabilities. Whatever changes are made, don't make it difficult for candidates to demand what they want.

## 3. Visible expression

Websites and job advertisements offer opportunities for companies Communicate that all candidates have an equal opportunity Employers, especially through images that convey today's diversity exist within the organization. If the role is specially designed Persons with disabilities, representatives of their cohorts would be advantageous

#### 4. Celebrate disability days

Awareness and understanding of various disabilities increasing and now many national and international days has recognized. These events celebrate diversity and recognize the contributions made by people with disabilities community in which they live.

### 5. Promotion of disability-friendly workplaces

Research shows that PWDs can more attract by providing flexible working options. Organizations can organize this by time flexibility, part-time job, telecommuting to support people with disabilities.

#### 6. Alternate application format

Providing alternative application formats can improve the process, gain access to a more diverse pool of candidates. This may include allowing candidates to call recruiters show interest in the position by online mode or give the candidate extra time to do so meet the selection criteria.

#### Conclusion

Hiring people with disabilities is not only good for business, but essential for individuals, communities and economies prosper. Several barriers to the employment of persons with disabilities have been identified. From accessibility in the hiring process to unconscious bias, wrong perceptions and negative stereotypes. Discrimination is a serious obstacle. To effectively improve the recruitment and selection of human resources if there is a disability, it is important that the organization creates this condition first. Support with the right policies, targets, measurements and leadership. There are significant gaps between recommended best practices in each of these areas and the current practices of participating organizations, and many organizations lack the foundation to implement and measure successful initiatives. Once the stage has been set through policies, goals, and leadership support, there are many strategies that organizations can adopt to become more attractive and accessible potential employers for people with disabilities.

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